

S E A C Special Education Advisory Council 919 Ala Moana Blvd., Room 101 Honolulu, HI 96814 Phone: 586-8126 Fax: 586-8129 email: spin@doh.hawaii.gov March 3, 2014

Special Education Advisory Council

Ms. Ivalee Sinclair, *Chair* Ms. Martha Guinan. *Vice Chair*

Ms. Brendelyn Ancheta Dr. Tammy Bopp Dr. Robert Campbell Ms. Deborah Cheeseman Ms. Annette Cooper Ms. Shari Dela Cuadra-Larsen, liaison to the Superintendent Ms. Gabriele Finn Ms. Jenny Gong Ms. Natalie Haggerty Ms. Barbara Ioli Ms. Valerie Johnson Ms. Deborah Kobayakawa Ms. Bernadette Lane Ms. Dale Matsuura Ms. Stacey Oshio Ms. Zaidarene Place Ms. Barbara Pretty Ms. Kau'i Rezentes Ms. Rosie Rowe Dr. Patricia Sheehey Mr. Tom Smith Ms. Lani Solomona Dr. Todd Takahashi Dr. Daniel Ulrich Dr. Amy Wiech Ms. Jasmine Williams Ms. Susan Wood

Amanda Kaahanui, Staff Susan Rocco, Staff Ms. Cheryl Lupenui, Chair Student Achievement Committee Hawaii State Board of Education P. O. Box 2360 Honolulu, HI 96804

RE: Item IV. D. Update/Discussion on process and timeline for review of Board's proposed 100 policy series

Dear Chair Lupenui and Members of the Committee,

One of SEAC's functions under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) is "to advise the Department of Education in developing and implementing policies relating to the coordination of services for children with disabilities." Given that the Board of Education sets educational policy in Hawaii, SEAC holds that it is imperative to provide input to your members when policies and administrative rules affecting students with disabilities are discussed.

Accordingly, SEAC provided testimony to this committee on January 20, 2015 requesting an opportunity for an in-depth discussion of the following "100 series" proposed policies and consideration of SEAC's rationale for further changes to the proposed drafts:

101.6 - Comprehensive Student Support System

105.12 - Special Education and Related Services

105.13 - Inclusion.

Subsequently your Committee categorized the latter two proposed policies as only needing minor edits. SEAC continues to seek an opportunity to discuss these two policies in greater detail, and we would appreciate guidance from your members on the proper venue for that discussion.

Thank you for this opportunity to testify. Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Respectfully,

rela Suuren

Ivalee Sinclair, Chair



Administrative Testimony Testimony of Kamana'opono Crabbe, Ph.D Ka Pouhana, Chief Executive Officer Hawai'i State Board of Education Student Achievement Committee

AGENDA ITEM IV C: Current request to renew and revise the Department of Education's Elementary and Secondary Education Act Flexibility Waiver from No Child Left Behind

Malaki 3, 2015 11:00 a.m. Room 404

The administration of the Office of Hawaiian Affairs (OHA) appreciates the opportunity to submit the following comments relative to Agenda Item IV A (3).

On September 23, 2011, President Obama formally invited states to submit a Flexibility Waiver application from the No Child Left Behind Act. Hawai'i, through the State Department of Education (HIDOE), submitted a Flexibility Waiver application to the United States Department of Education (USDOE), which was approved on May 2013, and which the USDOE renewed through school year 2014-2015. Under the Flexibility Waiver granted, the HIDOE implemented the Strive HI system that applies to HIDOE schools and public charter schools. We understand that the HIDOE is planning to submit a Flexibility Waiver renewal application to the USDOE on March 31, 2015.

As part of the renewal effort, the HIDOE is reaching out to and seeking input from HIDOE schools, however, it is unclear whether Hawai'i public charter schools are included in these discussions. OHA therefore respectfully requests that discussions include Hawai'i public charter schools.

Moreover, Ka Papahana Kaiapuni (Hawaiian language immersion) schools, which include HIDOE and public charter schools, are subject to the Strive HI system. Some of these schools have a high opt out rate exercised by parents, due to their belief that the administered tests are inappropriate and do not accurately reflect academic achievement. Native American communities around the country, and indigenous communities throughout the world look to the groundbreaking Ka Papahana Kaiapuni and its progenitor, the internationally accredited 'Aha Pūnana Leo program, as language revitalization and culture models. Accordingly, OHA respectfully requests that the BOE and HIDOE consider adding general language to Hawai'i's Flexibility Waiver renewal application to address the issues relative to the assessments administered to Ka Papahana Kaiapuni students.

Mahalo nui for the opportunity to provide comments on this agenda item.