

Multilingualism for Equitable Education

Proposed BOE Policy 105.14

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Academic Achievement

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	All Students* Proficiency	ELL* Proficiency	Charter School** Proficiency
Reading	69%	43%	20%
Math	59%	41%	18%
Science	40%	20%	3%

^{*} Strive HI: Student Group Performance Report (2014)

^{**} State Public Charter School Commission Annual Report (2013-2014, p.56)

General Statement of Policy

The Board of Education reaffirms its commitment to Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to provide meaningful, equitable and high-quality education for all learners. The Board of Education recognizes the strength in the diverse multicultural and multilingual* students we serve in Hawai'i. The Board shall recognize students who are English language learners as a type of multilingual learner who may have first languages other than or in addition to Exhauth be used as resources for educational success.

Civil Rights Act frames the policy

Strong statement in support of asset view of culture and multilingualism

Broad definition of audience, an allencompassing view of what being multilingual means

Purpose

The purpose of the policy is to provide program guidance to promote academic achievement, English language development, and personal growth for multilingual learners, which supports preparation for college, career and community contribution. The policy acknowledges the advantages of multilingualism for equitable and quality education through utilizing the home language for content learning while developing English language abilities.

Learning & performance in academic areas; also includes English development & personal growth

Ultimate goal is preparation for life, in alignment with HIDOE strategic plan

Highlights benefits of using home language (as evidenced by research)

The Department of Education and Public Charter Schools shall establish a process and allocate appropriate resources to

- 1. develop, implement and evaluate programs that provide language opportunities evidenced in multilingual theory and research as well as foster academic choices (for example, bilingual education and dual immersion schools);
- 2. employ highly qualified educators, specialists and instructional support staff; prepare inservice educators through sustained and comprehensive professional development in multilingual education; and support administrators to effectively serve multilingual learners:
- 3. develop, implement and evaluate equitable assessment practices to assess multilingual learners' academic content in a language students understand, to the extent practicable;

Instructional practices based on proven multilingual approaches

Teacher quality and staff professional development in multilingual education

Benefits of aligning instruction and assessment by using home languages

The Department of Education and Public Charter Schools shall establish a process and allocate appropriate resources to

- 4. ensure meaningful communication and partner with families and communities and, to the extent practicable, provide information in a language that parents understand;
- 5. create a Multilingual Learner Advisory
 Committee made up of diverse stakeholders
 from the community, including families and
 community leaders, multilingual education
 experts, school practitioners,
 multilingual/bilingual certified teachers, who
 will serve to advise and support the
 implementation of the policy; and
- 6. evaluate the services for multilingual learners through an annual family survey in English and the predominant home languages of Hawai'i and school reports.

School-family partnerships as an essential component of the policy

Creates a body to support multilingual education including all community voices and input

Systematic monitoring and evaluation of the multilingual education program

Rationale

In order for multilingual learners to be successful in life, their education must be meaningful and equitable. Research shows that learning academic content and English is promoted when students' identities and languages are included in their education. Building systems of support is necessary for multilingual learners to succeed academically.

Equitable education and services for multilingual learners

Research-based vision and goals; includes a focus on personal well-being and cultural identity

Need to have comprehensive and effective systems of support